according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## roberlo

## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : ROBERCAR UF920

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : High cut liquid compound

Substance/Mixture

Company

Recommended restrictions : For use in industrial installations or professional treatment

on use on

\_

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Ctra. Nacional II, Km. 706,5 17457 Riudellots de la Selva

Spain

Roberlo s.a.

Telephone : +34972478060

Telefax : +34972477394

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds@roberlo.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

## 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## roberlo

### **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 10 - < 25
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%	918-481-9		
aromatics	01-2119457273-39		
distillates (petroleum),	64742-55-8	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 3 - < 18
hydrotreated light paraffinic	265-158-7		
	649-468-00-3		
	01-2119487077-29		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : No hazards which require special first aid measures.

If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth.

Drink plenty of water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water

Foam Dry powder

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

### **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 26.03.2018 F64616 1.1

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion

products

: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Do not contaminate surface water.

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, Methods for cleaning up

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : No special precautions are needed in handling this material.

fire and explosion

Advice on protection against : No special protective measures against fire required.

Hygiene measures : General industrial hygiene practice.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Advice on common storage : No materials to be especially mentioned.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10-13, German Storage Class 10 to 13

Storage period : 12 Months

Further information on

storage stability

: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular

recommendations apart from that already indicated.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	For the purpo fractions of ai in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when pre 8-hour TWA of This means the above these I exposure to the dusts contain and fate of an and the body particle. HSE 'inhalable' and airborne mate therefore avail approximates lung. Fuller de Where dusts of relevant limits	ses of these limits, reported dust which will be with the methods do gravimetric analysis ition of a substance esent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 that any dust will be sevels. Some dusts hese must comply will particles of a wide response that it elicit distinguishes two sized 'respirable'., Inhalaterial that enters the neighble for deposition into the fraction that perinitions and explanations are should be complied to the TWA	espirable dust and inhalable all be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable chazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater in mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific Vith the appropriate limit., Mosange of sizes. The behaviour after entry into the human rests, depend on the nature and the fractions for limit-setting puble dust approximates to the ose and mouth during breath in the respiratory tract. Respipenetrates to the gas exchangatory material are given in Mithat have their own assigned with., Where no specific shore times the long-term expositions.	dust are those g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The dust of any than 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. The exposed VELs and tindustrial deposition spiratory system size of the urposes termed fraction of ling and is rable dust ge region of the DHS14/3., I WEL, all the ort-term
Further information	For the purpo	(Respirable)	 	l dust are those
i ditilo illiolillation	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those			

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## **ROBERCAR UF920**

	Revision Date: 26.03.2018	SDS Number: F64616		
	in accordance with the sampling and gravime COSHH definition of a kind when present at a 8-hour TWA of inhalat This means that any dabove these levels. So exposure to these must dusts contain particles and fate of any particular and the body response particle. HSE distingui 'inhalable' and 'respiral airborne material that therefore available for approximates to the fronce for the firms. Fuller definitions Where dusts contain or relevant limits should exposure limit is listed	fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertake in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes terms 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be		
	used TWA (i	nhalable 10 mg/m3 GB EH40		
Further information	fractions of airborne d in accordance with the sampling and gravime COSHH definition of a kind when present at a 8-hour TWA of inhalate. This means that any dabove these levels. So exposure to these must dusts contain particles and fate of any particular and the body response particle. HSE distingui 'inhalable' and 'respiral airborne material that therefore available for approximates to the fronce of the filling. Fuller definitions where dusts contain or relevant limits should	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are the fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is underty in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of an kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory sy and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes te 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be complied with.		
		Respirable 4 mg/m3 GB EH40		

in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses

Hand protection

Material : Nitrile rubber
Break through time : >= 480 min
Glove thickness : >= 0.45 mm

Remarks : The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on

its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions

(mechanical strain, duration of contact).

Skin and body protection : Protective suit

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : white

Odour : characteristic

pH : 7 - 10 (20 °C)

Melting point/range : not determined

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 26.03.2018 F64616 1.1

Boiling point/boiling range : > 100 °C

Flash point : > 100 °C

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

: not determined

Lower explosion limit / Lower : not determined

flammability limit

Vapour pressure : not determined

Density 1.05 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic  $> 20.5 \text{ mm2/s} (40 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# roberlo

### **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

#### Components:

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

#### **Product:**

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## roberlo

## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

#### Carcinogenicity

**Product:** 

Carcinogenicity - : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment

#### **Components:**

#### distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic:

Carcinogenicity - : Classified based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation

Assessment (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L)

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** 

Reproductive toxicity - : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment

#### STOT - single exposure

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **Aspiration toxicity**

### **Product:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## roberlo

### **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

## **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

Additional ecological

information

: There is no data available for this product.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

## 14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

#### Other regulations:

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways: ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer: IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## **ROBERCAR UF920**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 1.1 26.03.2018 F64616

concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

: http://echa.europa.eu, http://eur-lex.europa.eu

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

iplie the Salety D

Sheet

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN