according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



### **DICROM DM-787**

Version 1.0 MSDS Number: H53296 Revision Date: 13.05.2015

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : DICROM DM-787

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

stance/Mixture

: Solvent-borne coatings, Base coating

Recommended restrictions

on use

: For use in industrial installations or professional treatment

only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Roberlo s.a.

Ctra. Nacional II, Km. 706,5 17457 Riudellots de la Selva

Spain

Telephone : +34972478060

Telefax : +34972477394

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: msds@roberlo.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cate-

gory 1

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 3

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3 H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)

Flammable R10: Flammable.

Irritant R38: Irritating to skin.

R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizzi-

ness.

R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environ-

ment.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:** 

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear res-

piratory protection.

Response:

ately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P352 Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Disposal:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P501a This material and its container must be

disposed of in a safe way.

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Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: butan-1-ol

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

### **Hazardous components**

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (%)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 01- 2119485493-29	R10 R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 STOT SE3; H336	>= 30 - < 50
butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 01- 2119484630-38	R10 Xn; R22 Xi; R37/38-R41 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Dam.1; H318 STOT SE3; H335, H336	>= 5 - < 10
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7 215-535-7 01- 2119488216-32	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Acute Tox.4; H332 Acute Tox.4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 STOT SE3; H335 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 5 - < 10
Solvent naphtha (petro-leum), light arom.	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01- 2119455851-35	Xn; R65 Xi; R37 N; R51/53 R10 R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT SE3; H335, H336 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 2.5 - < 10
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4	F; R11 Xn; R20	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Acute Tox.4; H332 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

> Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Dry chemical

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water

courses.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Avoid formation of aerosol. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of

electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-

ventilated place.

Storage period : 18 Months

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular recommen-

dations apart from that already indicated.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm	GB EH40
,			724 mg/m3	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm	GB EH40
			966 mg/m3	
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm	GB EH40
			154 mg/m3	
Further information	Can be absor	bed through skin. Th	e assigned substances are t	hose for which
		cerns that dermal ab	sorption will lead to systemic	toxicity.
xylene (mixture of	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm	GB EH40
isomers)			220 mg/m3	
Further information			e assigned substances are t	
			sorption will lead to systemic	toxicity.
xylene (mixture of	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm	GB EH40
isomers)			441 mg/m3	
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which			
			sorption will lead to systemic	
xylene (mixture of	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm	2000/39/EC
isomers)			221 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
xylene (mixture of	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm	2000/39/EC
isomers)			442 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
mica	12001-26-2	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those			
	fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken			
	in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for			
	sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, Where no			
	specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term			
	exposure should be used			
mica	12001-26-2	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	GB EH40

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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•				
		(Respirable)		
Further information	fractions of air in accordance sampling and	rborne dust which we with the methods d gravimetric analysis term exposure limit	espirable dust and inhalable ill be collected when samplin escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable is listed, a figure three times	g is undertaken eral methods for dust, Where no
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm	2000/39/EC
0,			442 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of significa	ant uptake through the skin,	Indicative
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	200 ppm 884 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of significa	ant uptake through the skin,	Indicative
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absor	bed through skin. Th	ne assigned substances are	those for which
			sorption will lead to systemic	•
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	125 ppm 552 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information		ū	ne assigned substances are	
			sorption will lead to systemic	
Pigment Red 101 Further information	1309-37-1	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
Pigment Red 101	1309-37-1	TWA	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
		(Respirable)		
Further information	fractions of air in accordance sampling and COSHH defin	rborne dust which we with the methods d gravimetric analysis ition of a substance	espirable dust and inhalable ill be collected when samplin escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater	g is undertaken eral methods for dust, The s dust of any

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit. Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

n-butyl acetate : End Use: Workers

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects

Value: 480 mg/m3 : End Use: Workers

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long-term local effects

Value: 310 mg/m3 : End Use: Workers

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects

Value: 77 mg/m3

Low boiling point naphtha -

unspecified

ethylbenzene

butan-1-ol

xylene

: End Use: Workers

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects

Value: 608 mg/m3 : End Use: Workers

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects

Value: 77 mg/m3

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Remarks : Solvent-resistant gloves The selected protective gloves have

to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Before removing gloves

clean them with soap and water.

Skin and body protection : impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an ap-

proved filter.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid, viscous

Colour : copper

Odour : characteristic

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : not determined

Flash point : 29 °C

Method: ISO 1523, closed cup

Setaflash

Upper explosion limit : not determined

Lower explosion limit : not determined

Vapour pressure : not determined

Density : 0.987 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Method: ISO 2811-1

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : not determined

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 249 mPa.s (20 °C)

Method: ISO 2555

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C)

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if used as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

Strong acids and strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 23.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

butan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 790 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 24.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,430 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4,300 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 22.08 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 1,100 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,592 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,160 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 15,400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Result: Skin irritation

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

### **Product:**

sessment

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

### Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

#### **Product:**

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT - single exposure

#### **Product:**

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting., Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects., Solvents

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may degrease the skin.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

**Components:** 

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 32 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

butan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 1,376 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1,328 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 14 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 16 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 9.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 2.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

ethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 33 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal., Harmful to aquatic or-

ganisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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posal company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

> Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1 UN number

**ADR** : UN 1263 **IMDG** : UN 1263 IATA : UN 1263

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADR** : PAINT **IMDG** : PAINT **IATA** : Paint

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**ADR** : 3 **IMDG** : 3 **IATA** : 3

### 14.4 Packing group

#### **ADR**

: 111 Packing group : F1 Classification Code Hazard Identification Number : 33 Labels : 3

### **IMDG**

Packing group : 111 : 3 Labels EmS Code : F-E, S-E

**IATA** 

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344

Packing group : 111

Labels : Flammable Liquids

: 366

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : no

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Quantity 1 5,000 t	Quantity 2 50,000 t
34	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams)	2,500 t	25,000 t

Other regulations : The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC

directives or respective national laws.

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of R-Phrases**

R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### **Full text of H-Statements**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **DICROM DM-787**

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H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged of if inhaled.	or repeated exposure
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

#### **Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.