



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : DICROM DM-784

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-
stance/Mixture : Solvent-borne coatings, Base coating

Recommended restrictions
on use : For use in industrial installations or professional treatment
only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Roberlo s.a.
Ctra. Nacional II, Km. 706,5
17457 Riudellots de la Selva
Spain

Telephone : +34972478060

Telefax : +34972477394

E-mail address of person
responsible for the SDS : msds@roberlo.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated
exposure, Category 3 H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3 H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)

Flammable

R10: Flammable.

Irritant

R38: Irritating to skin.

R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

:



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

: **Prevention:**
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P352 Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Disposal:
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P501a This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

butan-1-ol

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (%)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 01- 2119485493-29	R10 R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 STOT SE3; H336	>= 30 - < 50
butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 01- 2119484630-38	R10 Xn; R22 Xi; R37/38-R41 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Dam.1; H318 STOT SE3; H335, H336	>= 5 - < 10
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01- 2119455851-35	Xn; R65 Xi; R37 N; R51/53 R10 R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT SE3; H335, H336 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 2.5 - < 10
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7 215-535-7 01- 2119488216-32	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Acute Tox.4; H332 Acute Tox.4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 STOT SE3; H335 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 5 - < 10
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4	F; R11 Xn; R20	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Acute Tox.4; H332 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5 231-072-3	F; R11-R15	Flam. Sol.1; H228 Water-react.2;	>= 1 - < 10



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

	01- 2119529243-45		H261	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9 265-150-3 01- 2119474196-32	R10 Xn; R65 Xi; R38-R67 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Skin Irrit.2; H315 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 0.25 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Consult a physician.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Consult a physician after significant exposure.
- In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
Remove contact lenses.
Protect unharmed eye.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
- If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Dry chemical

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Avoid formation of aerosol. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Storage period : 18 Months

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm 724 mg/m ³	GB EH40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m ³	GB EH40
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm 154 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m ³	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	200 ppm 884 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	125 ppm 552 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Respirable)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and ex-</p>			

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

	<p>posure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>
--	---

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

n-butyl acetate	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 480 mg/m ³
butan-1-ol	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term local effects Value: 310 mg/m ³
Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 608 mg/m ³
xylene	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 77 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 77 mg/m ³
aluminium powder (stabilised)	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 83 mg/m ³ End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term local effects Value: 83 mg/m ³

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Remarks : Solvent-resistant gloves The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

	the standard EN 374 derived from it. Before removing gloves clean them with soap and water.
Skin and body protection	: impervious clothing Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Respiratory protection	: In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: liquid, viscous
Colour	: metallic
Odour	: characteristic
Melting point/range	: Not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range	: not determined
Flash point	: 29 °C Method: ISO 1523, closed cup Setaflash
Upper explosion limit	: not determined
Lower explosion limit	: not determined
Vapour pressure	: not determined
Density	: 0.958 g/cm ³ (20 °C) Method: ISO 2811-1
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: not determined
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: 168 mPa.s (20 °C) Method: ISO 2555
Viscosity, kinematic	: > 20.5 mm ² /s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if used as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents
Strong acids and strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 23.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

butan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 790 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 24.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,430 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,592 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,160 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4,300 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 22.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 1,100 mg/kg
Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 15,400 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting., Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects., Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 32 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	: EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

butan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Fish): 1,376 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1,328 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	: EC50 (Algae): 500 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Fish): 9.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 3.2 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 2.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 14 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 16 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

ethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 12 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 33 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 4.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 3.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal., Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.
Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1263
IMDG : UN 1263
IATA : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT
IMDG : PAINT
IATA : Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

IATA

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

		Quantity 1	Quantity 2
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5,000 t	50,000 t
34	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams)	2,500 t	25,000 t

Other regulations : The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-Phrases

R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R15	Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R22	Harmful if swallowed.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R37/38	Irritating to respiratory system and skin.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



DICROM DM-784

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52517

Revision Date: 13.05.2015