according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



### Multyfiller Grip G4

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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Multyfiller Grip G4

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Solvent-borne coatings

Substance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions : For use in industrial installations or professional treatment

on use of

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Roberlo s.a.

Ctra. Nacional II, Km. 706,5 17457 Riudellots de la Selva

Spain

Telephone : +34972478060

Telefax : +34972477394

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds@roberlo.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

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Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe spray. P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

n-butyl acetate

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
	Index-No.		(70 11/11)
	Registration number		
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066	>= 10 - < 20
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0 231-944-3 030-011-00-6	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;	>= 2.5 - < 10

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	01-2119485044-40	H410		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6 265-199-0 649-356-00-4	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT SE 3; H336 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 2.5 - < 10	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4 601-023-00-4 01-2119489370-35	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 1 - < 2.5	
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 1 - < 10	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Consult a physician after significant exposure.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Headache Vertigo

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Fatigue

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Redness

Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:

Abdominal pain

Vomiting Diarrhoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion

products

: No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive

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concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working

materials must comply with the technological safety

standards.

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Storage period : 12 Months

storage stability

Further information on : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) For the use of this product do not exist particular

recommendations apart from that already indicated.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis	
		of exposure)			
calcium carbonate	471-34-1	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those				
		fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken			
			escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene		
			of respirable and inhalable of		
			hazardous to health includes		
			ion in air equal to or greater t		
			mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respublect to COSHH if people a		
			ave been assigned specific V		
			th the appropriate limit., Mos		
			ange of sizes. The behaviour		
			after entry into the human res		
			ts, depend on the nature and		
	particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term				
			ee times the long-term expos		
	used	i io notou, a ngaro un	co unico uno long term expo	sare sriedia se	
		TWA	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		(Respirable)	3		
Further information			espirable dust and inhalable		
	fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3				
	8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust.				
	This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed				

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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	exposure to dusts contain and fate of a and the body particle. HSE 'inhalable' ar airborne mat therefore ava approximate lung. Fuller owners dusts relevant limit	these must comply win particles of a wide rany particular particle at response that it elicities distinguishes two sized 'respirable'., Inhala erial that enters the nailable for deposition is to the fraction that particular particu	ave been assigned specific Verth the appropriate limit., Mostange of sizes. The behaviour after entry into the human resists, depend on the nature and the fractions for limit-setting puble dust approximates to the ose and mouth during breath in the respiratory tract. Respinenterates to the gas exchange atory material are given in Mile that have their own assigned with., Where no specific shore times the long-term exposite.	t industrial, deposition spiratory system size of the urposes termed fraction of ing and is rable dust ge region of the DHS14/3., I WEL, all the rt-term
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further in	fractions of a in accordance sampling and COSHH deficient when properties above these exposure to dusts contain and fate of a and the body particle. HSE 'inhalable' are airborne mat therefore ava approximate lung. Fuller of Where dusts relevant limit	dirborne dust which with the methods did gravimetric analysis inition of a substance resent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 that any dust will be solveds. Some dusts he these must comply with particles of a wide rany particular particle of response that it elicities distinguishes two sized that enters the neallable for deposition is to the fraction that prefer interest in the contain components is should be complied.	espirable dust and inhalable all be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific Vith the appropriate limit., Mostange of sizes. The behaviour after entry into the human rests, depend on the nature and the fractions for limit-setting puble dust approximates to the ose and mouth during breath in the respiratory tract. Respipenetrates to the gas exchange atory material are given in Mithat have their own assigned with., Where no specific shore etimes the long-term expositions.	g is undertaken ral methods for flust, The dust of any than 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. The exposed VELs and tindustrial deposition spiratory system size of the urposes termed fraction of ling and is rable dust ge region of the DHS14/3., I WEL, all the rt-term
Further in	fractions of a in accordance sampling and COSHH deficient deficient control of the control of th	dirborne dust which with the methods did gravimetric analysis nition of a substance resent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 that any dust will be solveds. Some dusts hithese must comply with particles of a wide reserved.	espirable dust and inhalable all be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater and mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific Value the appropriate limit., Mosange of sizes. The behaviour after entry into the human res	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The dust of any than 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. re exposed VELs and t industrial, deposition

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ersion 0		ision Date: 07.2018		SDS Number: H55764	
		particle. HSE 'inhalable' and airborne mate therefore avai approximates lung. Fuller de Where dusts or relevant limits	distinguishes two size of 'respirable'., Inhala orial that enters the national flat for deposition in the fraction that perinitions and explanation components should be complied.	ts, depend on the nature and the fractions for limit-setting puble dust approximates to the ose and mouth during breath in the respiratory tract. Respiratory tract action material are given in M that have their own assigned with., Where no specific shore etimes the long-term exponents.	urposes termed fraction of hing and is rable dust ge region of the DHS14/3., If WEL, all the port-term
Talc		14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further in	ıformation	fractions of air in accordance sampling and defined as the including chlo amphibole as substance has concentration inhalable dust any dust will be Some dusts he comply with the wide range of particle after esthat it elicits, of two size fractions and mouther espiratory penetrates to explanatory mention of the complied of the complied of the figure three times and mouther the complied of the comp	rborne dust which will with the methods digravimetric analysis emineral talc together ite and carbonate mostos and crystalling ardous to health indicated in air equal to or greater and carbonate in air equal to or greater as to COSHI ave been assigned are appropriate limit., sizes. The behavious entry into the human depend on the nature ons for limit-setting part approximates to the	espirable dust and inhalable II be collected when samplin escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable or with other hydrous phyllosinaterials which occur with it, le silica., The COSHH definition definition of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This if people are exposed above specific WELs and exposure Most industrial dusts contain and fate of any respiratory system and the beand size of the particle. HS ourposes termed 'inhalable' are fraction of airborne material and is therefore available for just approximates to the fraction of the lung. Fuller definition of the lung.	g is undertaker ral methods for dust, Talc is licates out excluding on of a present at a TWA of a means that the these levels. The total particles of a particular prody response E distinguishes and 'respirable's that enters the deposition in on that itions and tain the limits should is listed, a
n-butyl ad	cetate	123-86-4	TWA STEL	150 ppm 724 mg/m3 200 ppm	GB EH40
titanium c	dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	966 mg/m3 10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further in	formation	fractions of air in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when pre 8-hour TWA of This means the above these left.	ses of these limits, reported dust which with the methods degravimetric analysis ition of a substance esent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 that any dust will be sevels. Some dusts her	espirable dust and inhalable II be collected when samplin escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific with the appropriate limit., Mos	g is undertake ral methods for dust, The solust of any than 10 mg.m-irable dust. re exposed VELs and

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Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: 18.07.2018 1.0 H55764 dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used GB EH40 TWA (Respirable 4 mg/m3 dust) Further information For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3... Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used xylene (mixture of 1330-20-7 TWA 50 ppm GB EH40 isomers) 220 mg/m3 Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which Further information there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity. STEL 100 ppm GB EH40 441 mg/m3 Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which Further information there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity. 2000/39/EC TWA 50 ppm 221 mg/m3 Further information Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative 2000/39/EC STEL 100 ppm 442 mg/m3 Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative Further information 2-methoxy-1-108-65-6 TWA 50 ppm 2000/39/EC

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methylethyl acetate			275 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of significa	ant uptake through the skin, I	ndicative
		STEL	100 ppm	2000/39/EC
			550 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signification	ant uptake through the skin, I	ndicative
		TWA	50 ppm	GB EH40
			274 mg/m3	
Further information	Can be absor	bed through skin. Th	ne assigned substances are t	hose for which
	there are con-	cerns that dermal ab	sorption will lead to systemic	toxicity.
		STEL	100 ppm	GB EH40
			548 mg/m3	
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which			
	there are con-	cerns that dermal ab	sorption will lead to systemic	toxicity.
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm	2000/39/EC
			442 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	200 ppm	2000/39/EC
			884 mg/m3	
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signification	ant uptake through the skin, I	ndicative
		TWA	100 ppm	GB EH40
			441 mg/m3	
Further information			ne assigned substances are t	
	there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	125 ppm	GB EH40
			552 mg/m3	
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which			
	there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
calcium carbonate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	10 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	480 mg/m3
xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	275 mg/m3
Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	608 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an

approved filter.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : dark grey

Odour : characteristic

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/range : not determined

Boiling point/boiling range : not determined

Flash point : 27 °C

Method: ISO 1523, closed cup

Setaflash

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

not determined

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

not determined

Vapour pressure : not determined

Density : 1.46 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Method: ISO 2811-1

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 60,000 mPa.s (20 °C)

Method: ISO 2555

Viscosity, kinematic :  $> 20.5 \text{ mm2/s} (40 \degree \text{C})$ 

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#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No data available

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

#### n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 23.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4,300 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 22.08 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,592 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,160 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 15,400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 8,532 mg/kg

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 35.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Product:** 

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Product:** 

Carcinogenicity -

Assessment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** 

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 32 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 14 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 16 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): > 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 0.27 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 0.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 0.26 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 9.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 2.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

ethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 33 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 408 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

 ADR
 : 1263

 IMDG
 : UN 1263

 IATA (Cargo)
 : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT IMDG : PAINT IATA (Cargo) : Paint

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

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 ADR
 : 3

 IMDG
 : 3

 IATA (Cargo)
 : 3

#### 14.4 Packing group

**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : yes

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Quantity 1 5,000 t	Quantity 2 50,000 t
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200 t	500 t
34	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels,	2,500 t	25,000 t

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home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e)

alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in

points (a) to (d)

Volatile organic compounds : 513 g/l

Directive 2004/42/EC : (540 g/l)

#### Other regulations:

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

EUH066 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic : Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids

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Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways: ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sources of key data used to : http://echa.europa.eu, http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Sheet

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Based on product data or assessment

Aguatic Chronic 2 H411 Calculation method

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB/EN